

# Introduction to ONETEP



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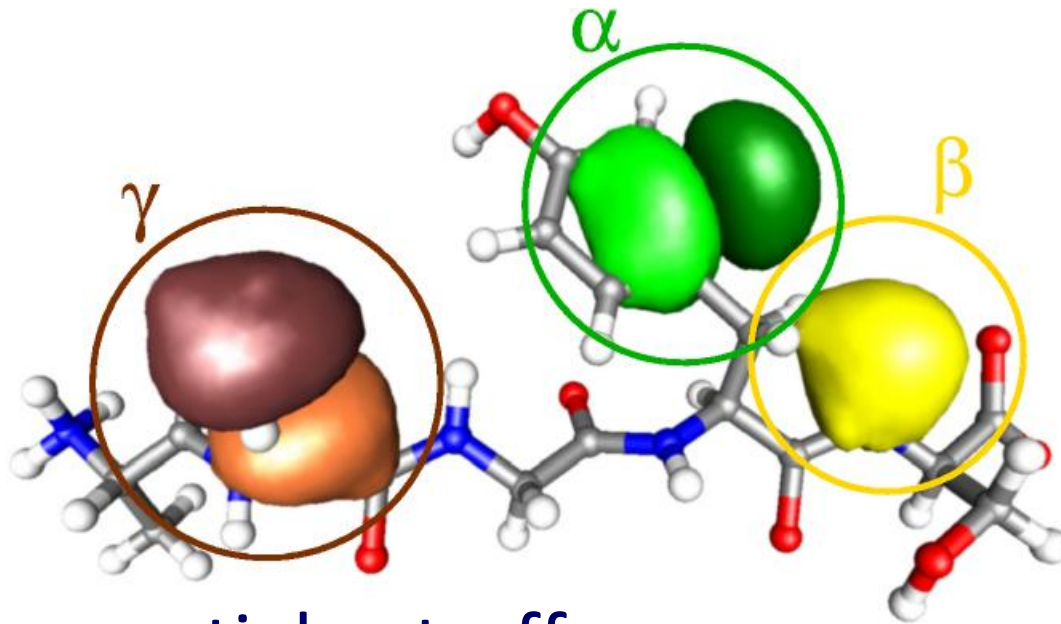
# Outline

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- Overview of basic concepts
- Compilation requirements
- Running a simple calculation

# Density-matrix formulation

$$\rho(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}') = \sum_{\alpha\beta} \phi_{\alpha}(\mathbf{r}) K^{\alpha\beta} \phi_{\beta}(\mathbf{r}')$$



- Impose spatial cut-offs:
  - Non-orthogonal generalised Wannier functions
  - Sparse density kernel  $K$

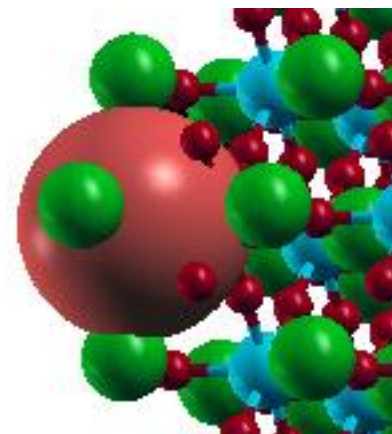
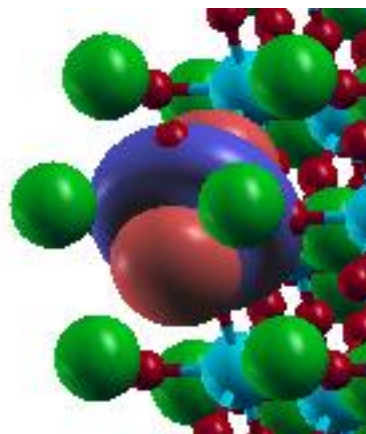
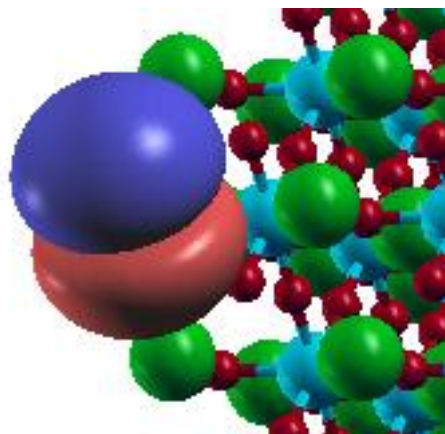
# NGWF optimisation

Ba  $p$

Ti  $d$

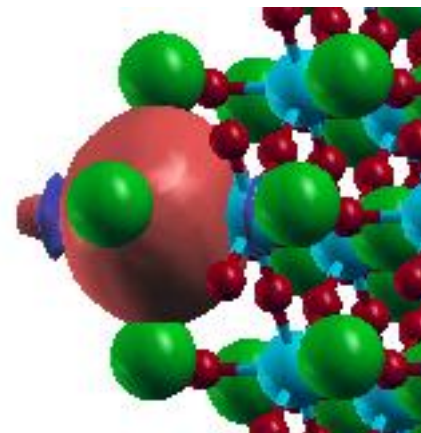
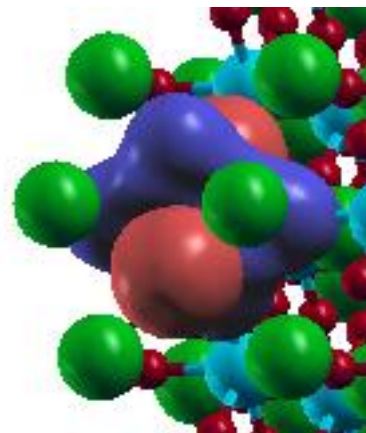
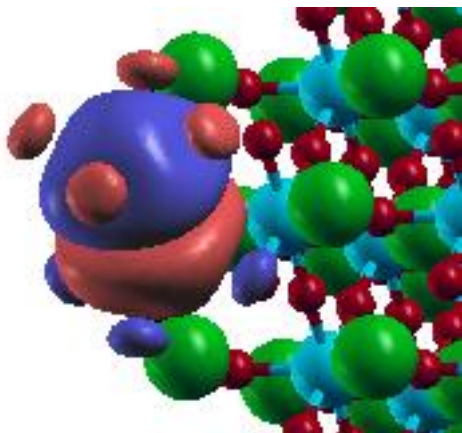
O  $s$

Initial



ONETEP

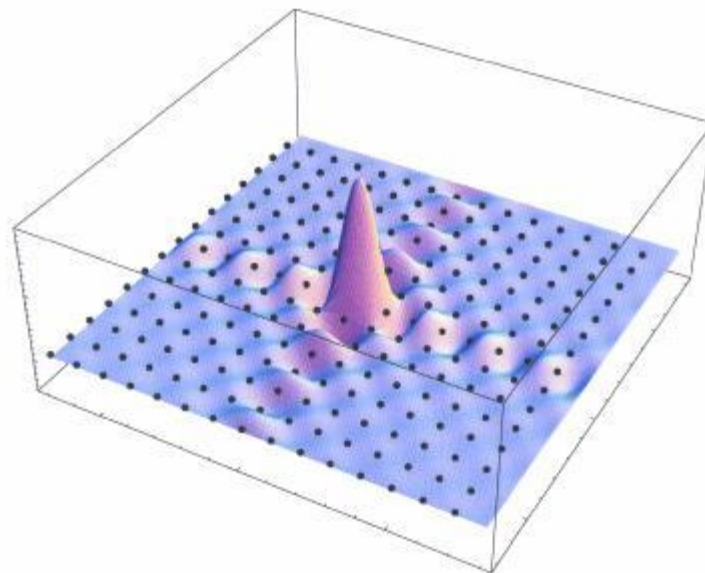
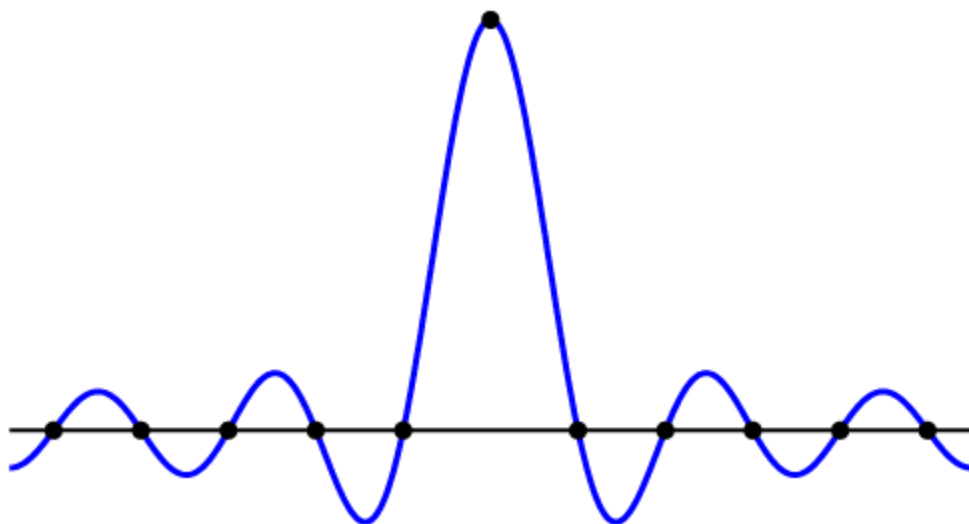
Final



On-site rotation from Foster & Weinhold, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **102**, 7211 (1980)

# Basis set: psincs

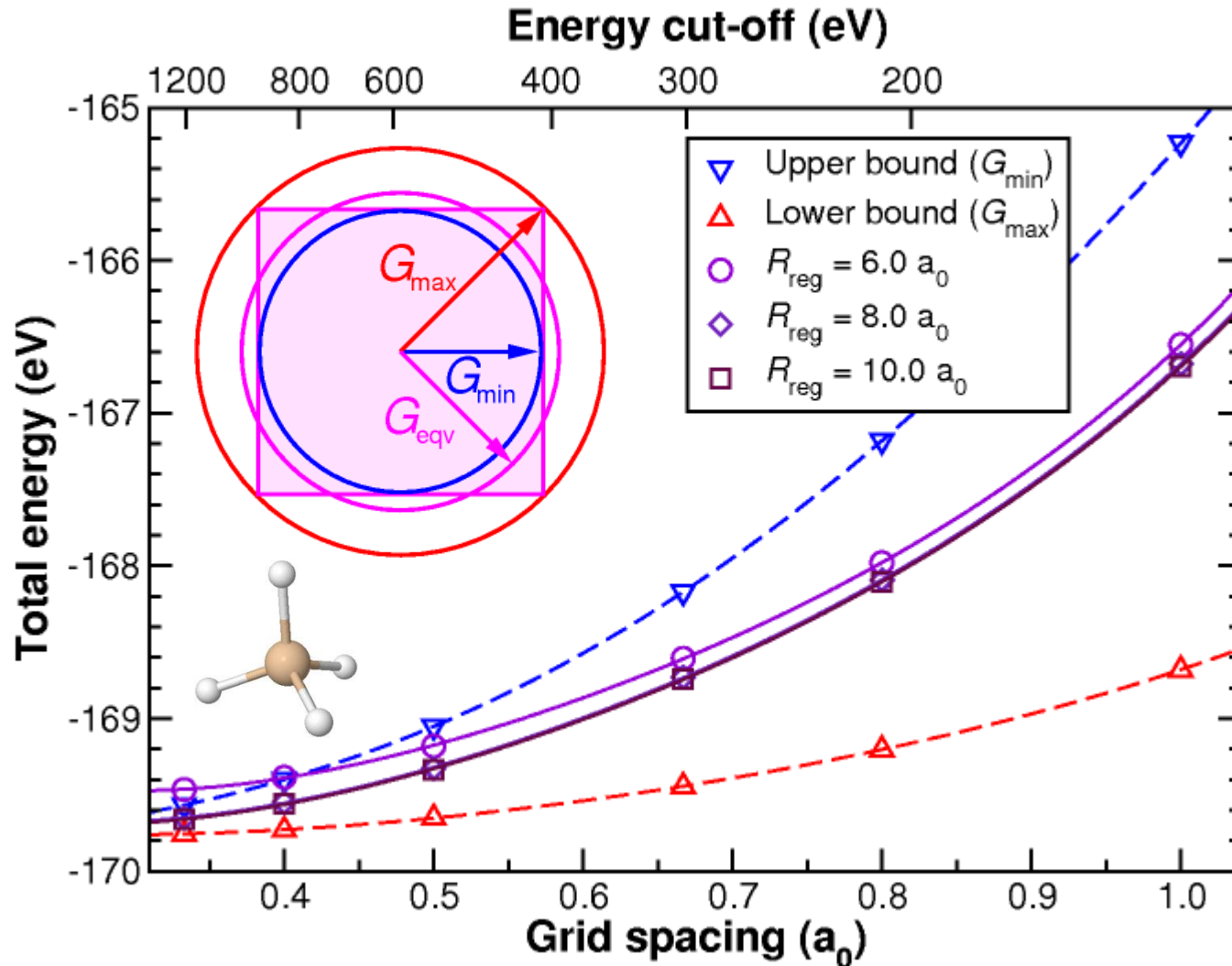
- “Periodic Cardinal Sine” or Dirichlet functions:



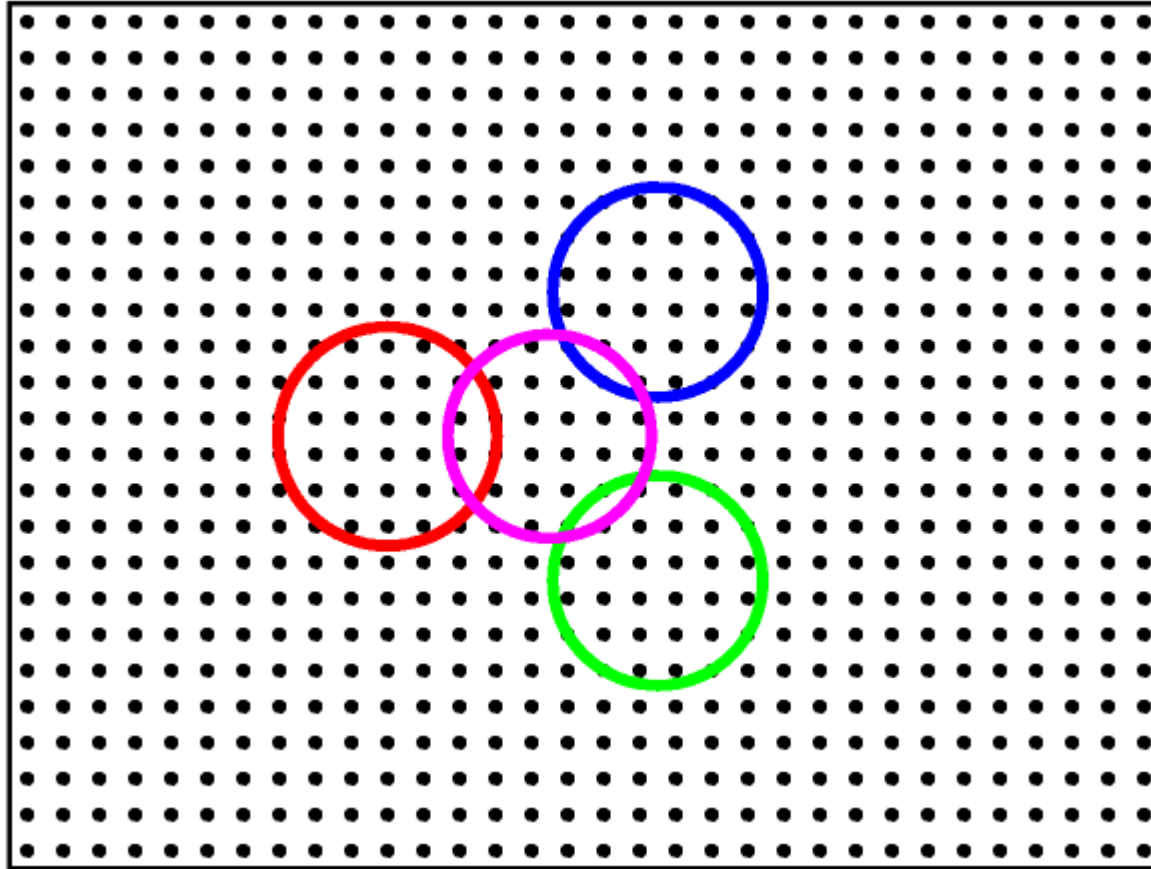
- Real linear combinations of plane-waves
- Localised
- Orthogonal

Mostofi, Haynes, Skylaris & Payne, *J. Chem. Phys.* **119**, 8842 (2003)

# Psinc basis energy cut-off

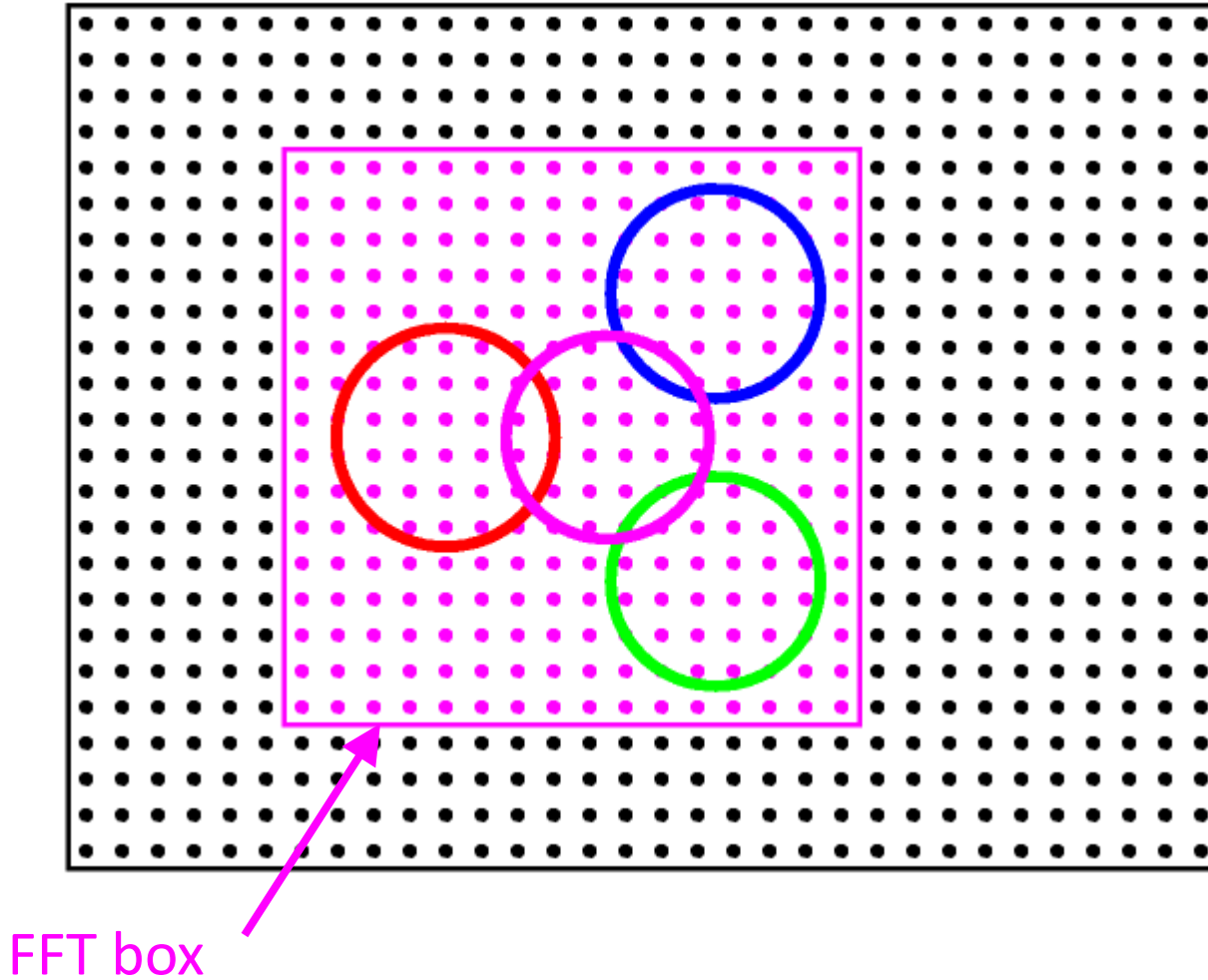


# FFT box technique



simulation cell

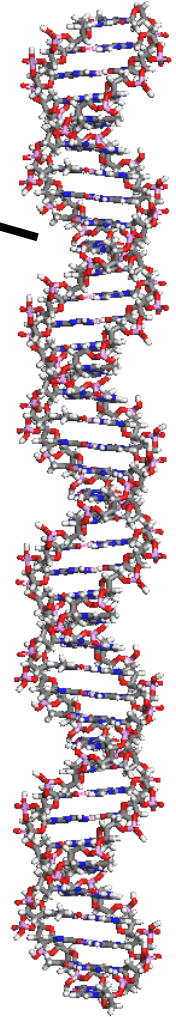
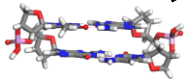
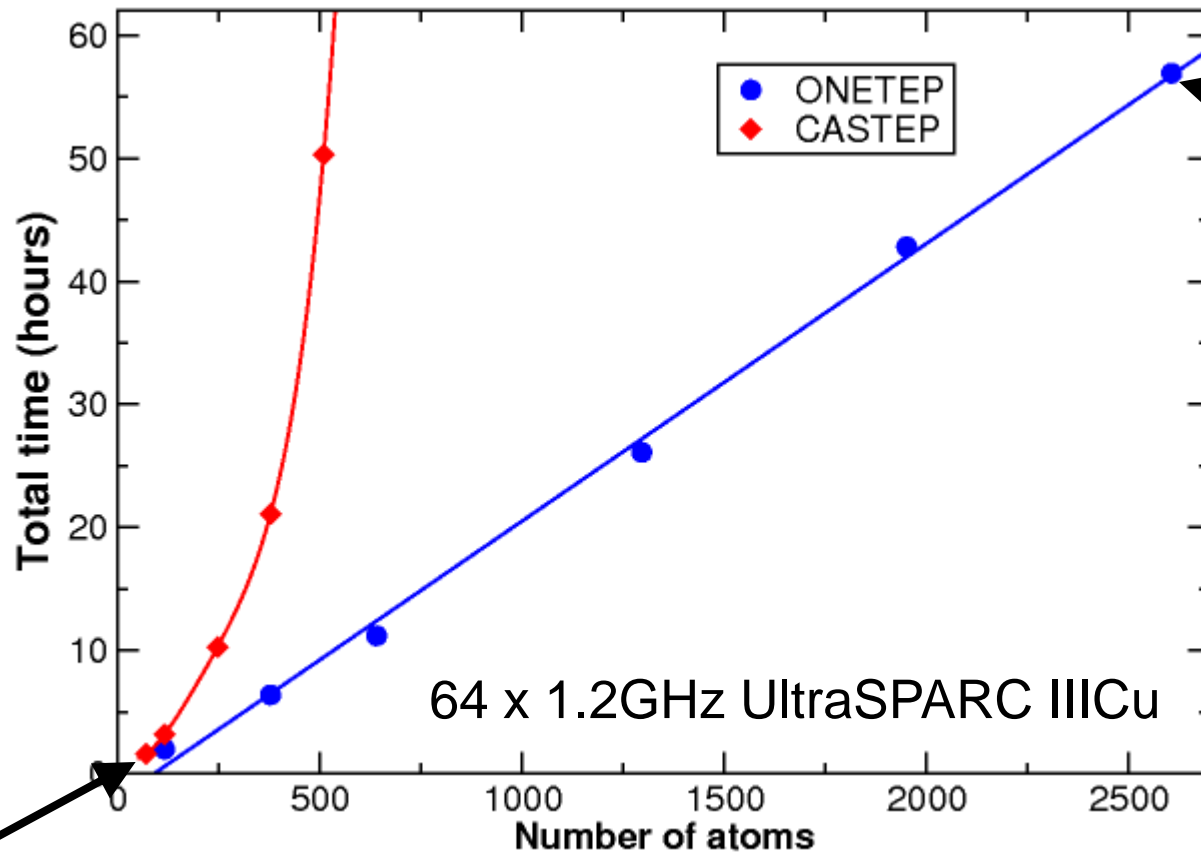
# FFT box technique



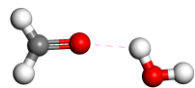


# Linear scaling: DNA

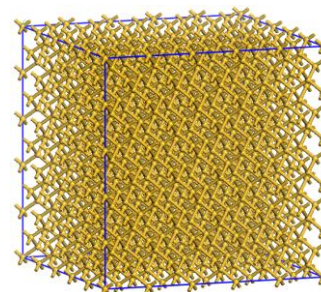
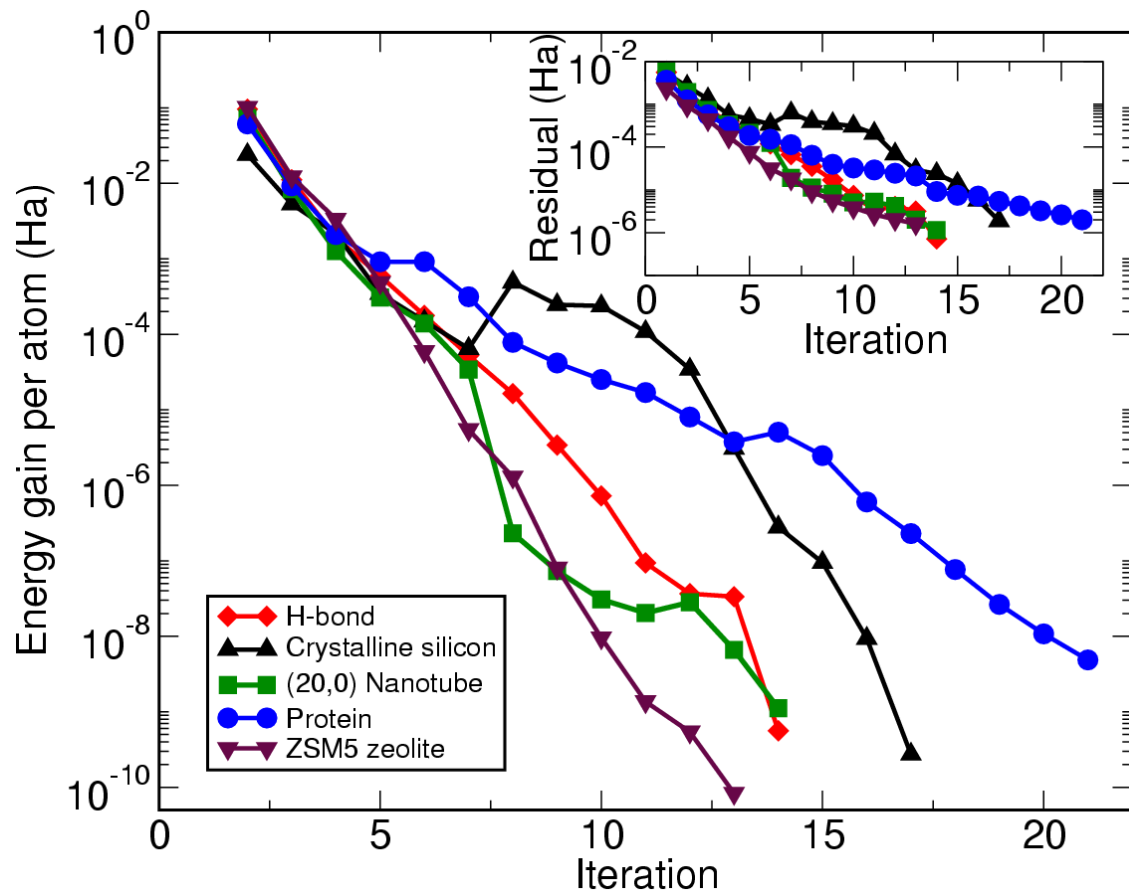
Skylaris, Haynes, Mostofi & Payne, *J. Chem. Phys.* **122**, 084119 (2005)



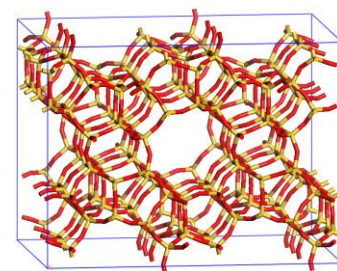
# True linear scaling



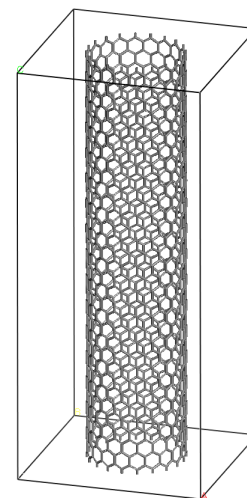
H-bond (7 atoms)



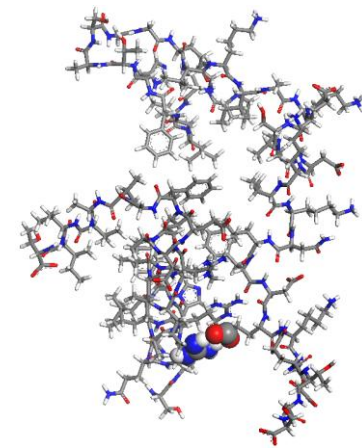
Crystalline silicon  
(1000 atoms)



ZSM5 zeolite  
(576 atoms)



(20,0) Nanotube  
(1280 atoms)



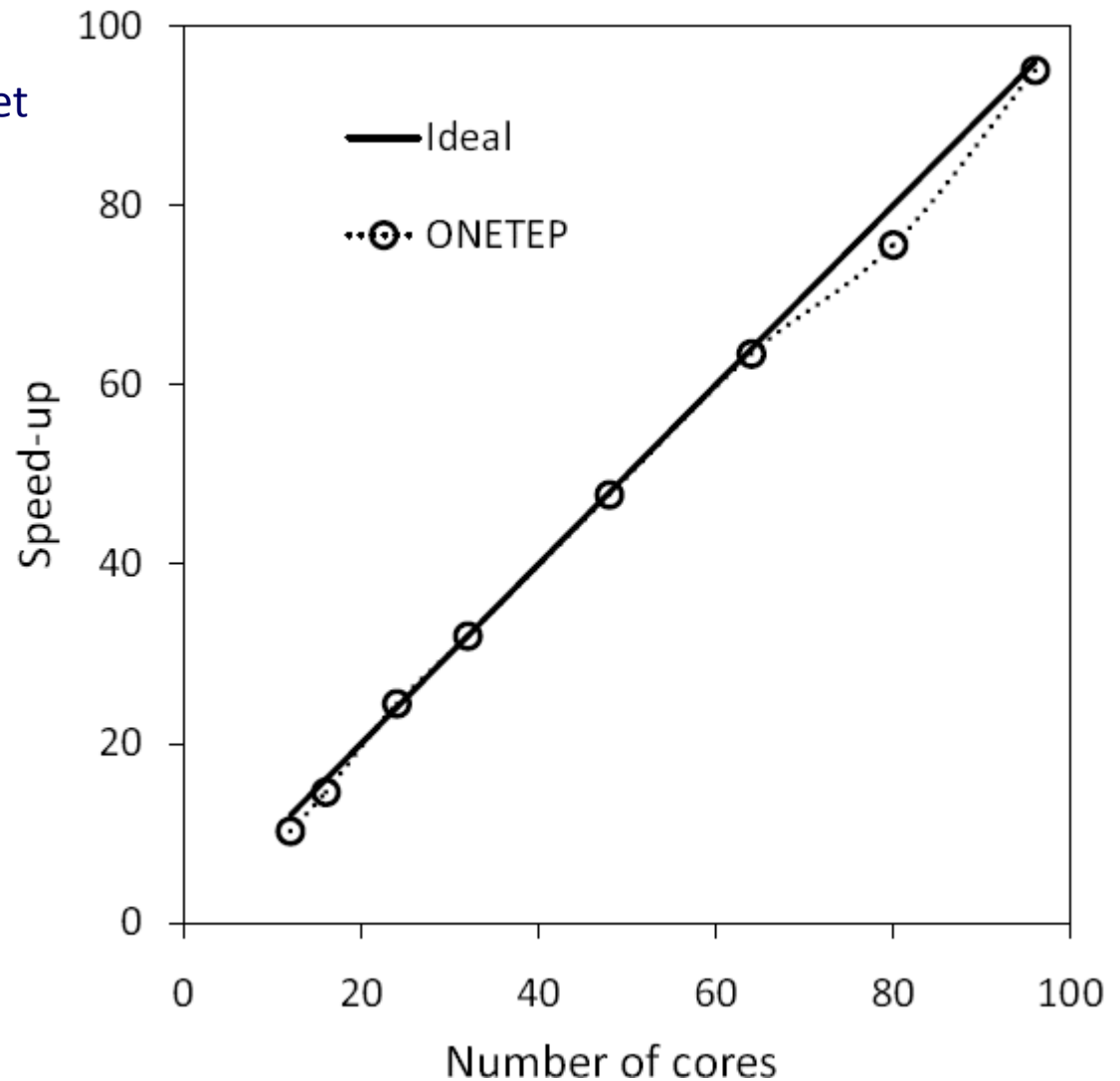
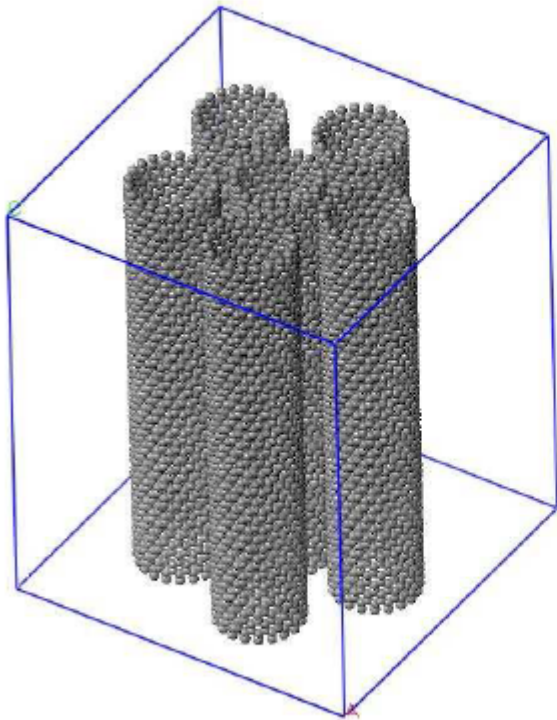
Protein (988  
atoms)

Skylaris, Haynes, Mostofi & Payne, *J. Phys.: Condens. Matter* **17**, 5757 (2005)

# Parallel scaling: nanotubes

9600 atoms

Commodity cluster of 24 dual socket  
dual core Opteron nodes



# Functionality

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- LDA (Ceperley-Alder-Perdew-Zunger, Vosko-Wilk-Nusair) and GGA (Perdew-Wang '91, Perdew-Burke-Ernzerhof & variants)
- Spin polarisation
- Forces
- Geometry optimisation
- Electronic structure analysis
- Visualisation
- Modified Coulomb interactions

# Compiling ONETEP

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- Simple multi-platform build system
- Fortran 90 compiler
- BLAS and LAPACK numerical libraries
- FFT library: vendor-supplied or FFTw
  - [www.fftw.org](http://www.fftw.org)
- MPI library for parallel version
  - [www.lam-mpi.org](http://www.lam-mpi.org)

# Running ONETEP

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- Parallel computer
  - Minimum 1 GB per processor (core)
  - Typically distribute 100 atoms per processor
  - Cross-over >100 atoms
- Prepare input file: free format
  - Documentation at [www.onetep.org](http://www.onetep.org)
- Supply pseudopotential files ( `.recpot` format)

# Input file

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- Keywords of different types:
  - Integer
  - Boolean
  - String
  - Real
  - Physical (real + unit)
  - Block data e.g. atomic positions, delimited by **%block** and **%endblock**
- Atomic units by default (hartree and bohr)
- Beware older keywords e.g. **kernel\_cutoff**

# Example input file: ethene

```
# Example input file
! Ethene molecule

cutoff_energy : 400 eV

%block  lattice_cart          ; in bohr
  40.000    0.000    0.000    ; a1
   0.000    40.000    0.000    ; a2
   0.000    0.000    40.000    ; a3
%endblock  lattice_cart

%block  species
H1  H  1  1  5.50    ; symbol, element, Z
C1  C  6  4  6.00    ; #NGWFs, radius (bohr)
%endblock  species
```



# Example input file: ethene

```
%block  positions_abs      ; Cartesians, bohr
C1      21.231469      19.962216      20.048416
H1      22.316684      21.381117      21.086741
H1      22.305600      18.474510      19.097577
C1      18.768395      20.037541      19.951432
H1      17.694385      21.525477      20.902418
H1      17.683467      18.617139      18.913416
%endblock  positions_abs

%block  species_pot
H1      hydrogen.recpot
C1      carbon.recpot
%endblock  species_pot
```

# ONETEP outline

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- Initialisation phase:
  - Construct initial NGWFs (STOs or PAOs)
  - Construct initial charge density (atomic superposition) and effective potential
  - Construct initial Hamiltonian
  - Obtain initial (non-self-consistent) kernel using canonical purification
  - Refine initial kernel (self-consistently) using penalty functional

# ONETEP outline continued

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- Main optimisation phase:
  - Combination of nested self-consistent loops
  - Outer loop optimises the NGWFs (density kernel fixed)
  - Inner loop optimises the density kernel (NGWFs fixed)
- Final analysis phase:
  - Calculate forces
  - Write out potentials, densities, NGWFs for plotting
  - Mulliken population analysis
  - Diagonalisation yields wave functions, DOS etc.

# Example output file: ethene

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[View ethene.out](#)

# More information

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- [www.onetep.org](http://www.onetep.org)
- Scientific highlight of the month:
  - $\Psi_k$  Newsletter **72**, December 2005
  - <http://psi-k.dl.ac.uk/>
- *J. Chem. Phys.* **122**, 084119 (2005)

